

FAAFX 2015 SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT

**FAIRHOLME**

*Ignore the crowd.*

*“(E)ven the intelligent investor is likely to need considerable willpower to keep from following the crowd.”*

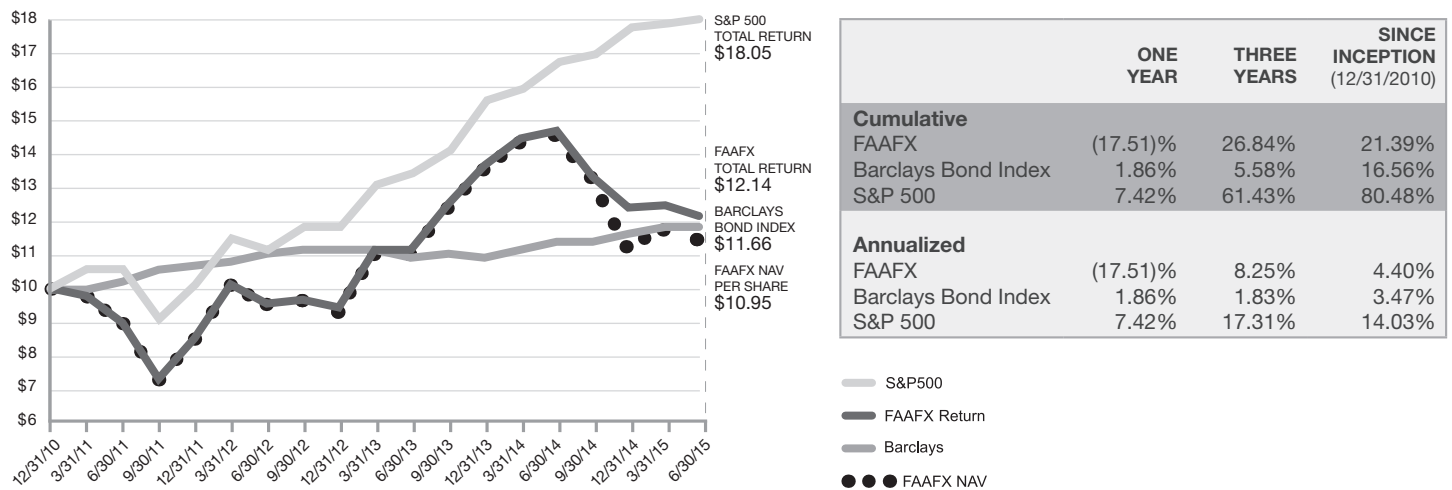
Benjamin Graham

Mutual fund investing involves risks, including loss of principal. The chart below covers the period from inception of The Fairholme Allocation Fund (December 31, 2010) to June 30, 2015. Past performance information quoted below does not guarantee future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment in The Fairholme Allocation Fund will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance information quoted below. Performance figures assume reinvestment of dividends and capital gains, but do not reflect a 2.00% redemption fee on shares redeemed within 60 days of purchase. Most recent month-end performance and answers to any questions you may have can be obtained by calling Shareholder Services at 1.866.202.2263. The Fairholme Allocation Fund maintains a focused portfolio of investments in a limited number of issuers and does not seek to diversify its investments. This exposes The Fairholme Allocation Fund to the risk of unanticipated industry conditions and risks particular to a single company or the securities of a single company. The Fairholme Allocation Fund's performance may differ markedly from the performance of the S&P 500 Index or the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index in either up or down market trends. The S&P 500 Index is a broad-based measurement of changes in the stock market and the performance of the S&P 500 Index is shown with all dividends reinvested and does not reflect any reduction in performance for the effects of transaction costs or management fees. The Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is an unmanaged market-weighted index comprised of investment-grade (rated Baa3/BBB-/BBB- or higher) taxable bonds, mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, corporate securities, and government-related securities, including U.S. Treasury and government agency issues, with at least one year to maturity. The S&P 500 Index and the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index are used for comparative purposes only, and are not meant to be indicative of The Fairholme Allocation Fund's performance, asset composition, or volatility. Because indices cannot be invested in directly, these index returns do not reflect a deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes. The Fairholme Allocation Fund's expense ratio reflected in its prospectus dated March 27, 2015, was 1.01%, which included acquired fund fees and expenses that are incurred indirectly by The Fairholme Allocation Fund as a result of investments in securities issued by one or more investment companies. Since the close of business on February 28, 2013, the sale of shares of The Fairholme Allocation Fund has been suspended to new investors, subject to certain exceptions.

**July 27, 2015**

To the Shareholders and Directors of The Fairholme Allocation Fund:

The Fairholme Allocation Fund (the "Fund" or "FAAFX") decreased 2.67% versus a decrease of 0.10% for the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (the "Barclays Bond Index") and a 1.23% increase for the S&P 500 Index (the "S&P 500"), for the six-month period that ended June 30, 2015. The following table compares the Fund's unaudited performance (after expenses) with that of the Barclays Bond Index and S&P 500, with dividends and distributions reinvested, for various periods ending June 30, 2015.



The Fund spent much of 2015 in positive territory, but those double-digit gains were reversed in May and June due to dramatic price declines in Sears Holdings and Imperial Metals. At June 30, 2015, the value of a \$10.00 investment in the Fund at its inception was worth \$12.14 (calculated by assuming reinvestment of distributions into additional Fund shares), compared to \$11.66 and \$18.05 for the Barclays Bond Index and the S&P 500, respectively.

Mr. Market's negative outlook on Sears Holdings Corporation (common, warrants, and notes, which comprise 23.4% of the Fund portfolio) dented the company's stock price in the second quarter, but it has not changed our fundamental thesis one iota. To the contrary, earlier this month the company completed a separation transaction of 235 properties, plus joint venture interests in 31 additional properties, for \$3.1 billion in cash proceeds. For a company with a current market capitalization of \$2.4 billion, a cash infusion of that magnitude is rather noteworthy, but seemingly disregarded by the market. This sale should provide visibility to the substantial value that Sears retains in its 430 owned properties and 1,031 leased properties, particularly because the remaining locations bear very similar characteristics to those that were spun off. Eventually, market participants will find these facts indisputable.

An astute analyst will also discover that the company's non-real estate assets have significant value as well. Indeed, we believe these assets – cash, receivables, and net inventory; leading brands such as Kenmore, Craftsman, and DieHard; an integrated retail platform and Shop Your Way loyalty program that generates 70% of the company's revenues; the largest national delivery and home repair service in America; an e-commerce and logistics solutions business; coast-to-coast auto centers for repair and maintenance; and a product protection business, to name a few – easily offset the company's liabilities.

We are encouraged by the accelerating pace of Sears' transformation from a traditional store-based retailer to a membership company offering an integrated retail platform, and believe that the following excerpt from the company's Q1 2015 public filing is worth highlighting:

The Company expects to recognize a significant gain upon completion of this [separation] transaction, which will also trigger a significant tax benefit that would be realized on the deferred taxes related to indefinite-life assets related to the property sold to the REIT, in amounts indeterminable at this time . . . With the expected completion of the REIT transaction and the amendment and extension of our Domestic Credit Facility, we expect to have successfully enhanced our financial flexibility, recapitalized our balance sheet and secured a solid financial foundation to accelerate the investment in our transformation . . . As we progress in our transformation, we are primarily focusing on profitability instead of revenues, market share and other metrics which relate to, but do not necessarily drive profit . . . We believe that our focus on profitability will contribute to a meaningful performance in 2015 and beyond.

Seritage Growth Properties (10.6% of the Fund portfolio), a newly formed real estate investment trust that purchased the properties from Sears and began trading this month, is the Fund's most recent addition. Seritage and its joint venture partners – GGP, Macerich, and Simon Property Group – intend to reconfigure or redevelop a substantial portion of the 266 properties acquired in order to generate additional operating income and diversify the tenant mix. A recent analyst report noted that “the demographic profile of the [Seritage] owned portfolio is surprisingly good, with 10-mile density and incomes of 692k and \$77k, respectively, slightly better than the mall REIT portfolio averages of 680k and \$77k.” We believe that as Seritage recaptures and repurposes the excess Sears and Kmart real estate and recycles the below-market rents into new rents, the company will deliver an above-average long-term return including dividend growth.

Notwithstanding recent volatility in global copper markets, Imperial Metals (6.2% of the Fund portfolio) is on the mend. Its flagship Red Chris mine has received all necessary permits and is fully operational. We observed the mill running at capacity during our site visit in May, and expect management to remain focused on consistently improving recovery rates. Earlier this month, the company received a permit from provincial authorities in British Columbia to partially recommence operations at Mount Polley, which should help the company generate additional cash flow.

Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac (4.9% and 4.6% of the Fund portfolio, respectively) are the largest providers of liquidity to our mortgage markets. The financial services they provide benefit American renters, buyers, and existing homeowners in good economic times and in bad. Contrary to popular misconception, neither Fannie nor Freddie ever had a “funding” problem. As one shrewd observer has noted, “Because each GSE's balance sheet was comprised of highly liquid Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) that pay off on a monthly basis, it should have been easy for either to pledge securities to raise money or to shrink their balance sheet and meet their financial obligations as they came due.” Indeed, the claims-paying ability of each mortgage insurer has never, ever been in doubt.

But political vendettas and ulterior motives (e.g., a keen desire by the administration to avoid negotiating with Congressional Republicans over the debt ceiling) have caused these two companies to be held captive in a perpetual conservatorship that precludes the preservation and accumulation of capital. Every three months the proverbial cash register at each of these mortgage insurers is looted by a repeat offender – the United States Treasury – unlawfully claiming entitlement to all of Fannie and Freddie's profits in perpetuity while disclaiming any allegations that it has effected the largest nationalization in American history. One need not be a legal scholar to recognize that this illicit scheme is antithetical to the basic notion of a C-O-N-S-E-R-V-A-T-O-R-S-H-I-P. While the significant progress that litigants are making before the third branch of government is not being reflected in recent prices of Fannie and Freddie preferred securities, we remain cognizant of Mr. Market's propensity for sudden mood swings.

Bank of America (10.4% of the Fund portfolio) remains our largest double-ratchet TARP warrant investment, and the company's focus on growing revenues while reducing operating costs should help it rise above its recent trading range. With a robust Tier 1 capital ratio of 12.5% and almost \$500 billion in “global excess liquidity sources,” Bank of America has regained the financial strength to support much higher earnings, yet is still priced well below book value. We expect it to close the gap with its peers.

We remain optimistic about prospects for the long-term outperformance by this high-octane portfolio, and the Fund's ample cash reserve (17.9% of the Fund portfolio) enables us to be sufficiently patient.

Respectfully submitted,



Bruce R. Berkowitz  
Chief Investment Officer  
Fairholme Capital Management

The Portfolio Manager's Report is not part of The Fairholme Focused Income Fund's Semi-Annual Report due to forward-looking statements that, by their nature, cannot be attested to, as required by regulation. The Portfolio Manager's Report is based on calendar-year performance and precedes a more formal Management Discussion and Analysis. Opinions of the Portfolio Manager are intended as such, and not as statements of fact requiring attestation.

*“Traditionally the investor has been the man with patience and the courage of his convictions who would buy when the harried or disheartened speculator was selling.”*

Benjamin Graham & David Dodd

**FAIRHOLME**

*Ignore the crowd.*

The Fairholme Allocation Fund (FAAFX)

Seeking long-term total return

**Semi-Annual Report 2015**

Managed by Fairholme Capital Management

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

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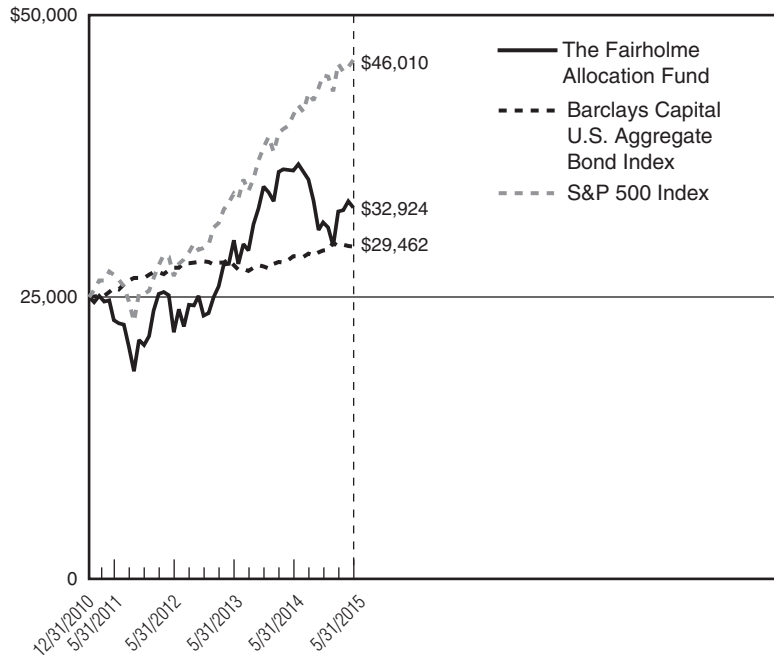
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# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

FUND PERFORMANCE (unaudited)  
Inception through May 31, 2015

THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND VS. THE BARCLAYS CAPITAL U.S. AGGREGATE BOND INDEX AND THE S&P 500 INDEX  
INITIAL MINIMUM INVESTMENT OF \$25,000



The Fairholme Allocation Fund (the “Fund”) commenced operations on December 31, 2010. The chart above presents the performance of a \$25,000 investment from inception to the latest fiscal year ending May 31, 2015.

The following notes pertain to the chart above as well as to the performance table included in the Management Discussion & Analysis Report. **Performance information in this report represents past performance and is not a guarantee of future results. The investment return and principal value of an investment in the Fund will fluctuate, so that an investor’s shares when redeemed may be worth more or less than their original cost. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance quoted within. The performance information does not reflect the taxes an investor would pay on Fund distributions or upon redemption of the Fund shares. Most recent month-end performance and answers to any questions you may have can be obtained by calling Shareholder Services at 1-866-202-2263.**

Data for the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index, the S&P 500 Index and the Fund are presented assuming all dividends and distributions have been reinvested and do not reflect any taxes that might have been incurred by a shareholder as a result of the Fund distributions. The Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is an unmanaged market-weighted index comprised of investment grade corporate bonds (rated BBB or better), mortgages, and U.S. Treasury and government agency issues with at least one year to maturity. The S&P 500 Index is a widely recognized, unmanaged index of 500 of the largest companies in the United States as measured by market capitalization and does not reflect any investment management fees or transaction expenses, nor the effects of taxes, fees, or other charges.



# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS For the Six Months Ended May 31, 2015

The Fairholme Allocation Fund (the “Fund”) shares outstanding and unaudited net asset value per share (“NAV”) at May 31, 2015, the end of the Fund’s second fiscal quarter of 2015, and per share NAVs at other pertinent dates, were as follows:

<u>05/31/2015</u> <u>Shares</u> <u>Outstanding</u>	<u>05/31/2015</u> <u>NAV</u> <u>(unaudited)</u>	<u>11/30/2014</u> <u>NAV</u> <u>(audited)</u>	<u>05/31/2014</u> <u>NAV</u> <u>(unaudited)</u>
30,319,232	\$11.88	\$12.57	\$14.39

At June 30, 2015, the unaudited per share NAV of the Fund was \$10.95. Performance figures below are shown for the Fund’s semi-annual period ended May 31, 2015, and do not match calendar year figures for the period ended June 30, 2015, cited in the Portfolio Manager’s report.

<u>Fund Performance</u> <u>to 05/31/2015</u>	<u>Six</u> <u>Months</u>	<u>One</u> <u>Year</u>	<u>Since</u> <u>Inception</u> <u>12/31/2010</u>
<b>Cumulative:</b>			
Fund	4.09%	(9.07)%	31.69%
Barclays Bond Index	1.10%	3.03%	17.85%
S&P 500	2.97%	11.81%	84.04%
<b>Annualized:</b>			
Fund		(9.07)%	6.43%
Barclays Bond Index		3.03%	3.79%
S&P 500		11.81%	14.81%

For the six months ended May 31, 2015, the Fund outperformed the Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (“Barclays Bond Index”) and the S&P 500 Index (“S&P 500”) by 2.99 and 1.12 percentage points, respectively, while over the last year the Fund was outperformed by the Barclays Bond Index and S&P 500 by 12.10 and 20.88 percentage points, respectively. From inception, the Fund outperformed the Barclays Bond Index by 2.64 percentage points and underperformed the S&P 500 by 8.38 per annum or, on a cumulative basis, 13.84 and 52.35 percentage points over the past four years and five months, respectively.

Fairholme Capital Management, L.L.C. (the “Manager”) believes performance over shorter periods is likely to be less meaningful than performance over longer periods. Investors are cautioned not to rely on short-term results. The fact that securities increase or decline in value does not always indicate that the Manager believes these securities to be more or less attractive — in fact, the Manager believes that some price increases present selling opportunities and some price declines present buying opportunities.

Further, shareholders should note that the S&P 500 and the Barclays Bond Index are unmanaged indices incurring no fees, expenses, or tax effects and are shown solely to compare Fund performance to that of unmanaged and diversified indices of U.S. publicly traded corporation common stock.

Shareholders are also cautioned that it is possible that some securities mentioned in this discussion may no longer be held by the Fund subsequent to the end of the fiscal period and that the Fund may have made significant new purchases that are not yet required to be disclosed. It is the Fund’s general policy not to disclose portfolio holdings other than when required by relevant law or regulation. Portfolio holdings are subject to change without notice.

Not all Fund portfolio dispositions or additions are material, and, while the Fund and the Manager have long-term objectives, it is possible that a security sold or purchased in one period will be purchased or sold in a subsequent period. Generally, the Manager determines to buy and sell based on its estimates of the absolute and relative

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS (continued) For the Six Months Ended May 31, 2015

intrinsic values and fundamental dynamics of a particular security and its issuer and its industry. However, certain strategies of the Manager in carrying out Fund policies may result in shorter holding periods.

The Manager invests Fund assets in securities to the extent it finds reasonable investment opportunities in accordance with its Prospectus and may invest a significant portion of Fund assets in liquid, low-risk securities or cash. The Manager views liquidity as a strategic advantage. At May 31, 2015, cash and cash equivalents (consisting of cash, commercial paper, deposit accounts, U.S. Treasury Bills, and money-market funds) represented 24.07% of total assets. Since inception, the Fund has held liquid, low-risk securities or cash for periods without negatively influencing performance, although there is no guarantee that future performance will not be negatively affected by Fund liquidity.

The Fund is considered to be “non-diversified” under the Investment Company Act of 1940. The Fund can invest a greater percentage of assets in fewer securities than a diversified fund and may invest a significant portion of cash and liquid assets in one or more higher-risk securities at any time, particularly in situations where markets are weak or a particular security declines sharply. The Fund may also have a greater percentage of assets invested in a particular industry than a diversified fund, exposing the Fund to the risk of an unanticipated industry condition as well as risks specific to a single company or security. For the six months ended May 31, 2015, the Fund investments that performed the best were Sears Holdings Corp., JPMorgan Chase & Co., and Canadian Natural Resources Ltd. The biggest contributor to negative performance was our investment in Bank of America Corp. The following charts show the top holdings by issuer and sector in descending order of net assets as of May 31, 2015.

The Fairholme Allocation Fund Top Holdings by Issuer* (% of Net Assets)		The Fairholme Allocation Fund Top Sectors (% of Net Assets)	
Sears Holdings Corp.	31.8%	Retail Department Stores	32.2%
Bank of America Corp.	8.7%	Cash and Cash Equivalents**	24.1%
Imperial Metals Corp.	5.4%	Diversified Banks	18.6%
Wells Fargo & Co.	5.1%	Mortgage Finance	9.6%
Federal National Mortgage Association	5.0%	Metals & Mining	5.4%
JPMorgan Chase & Co.	4.8%	Diversified Holding Companies	3.7%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	4.6%	Multi-Line Insurance	3.3%
Leucadia National Corp.	3.7%	Life Insurance	2.5%
American International Group, Inc.	3.3%	Real Estate Management & Development	0.5%
Lincoln National Corp.	2.5%		
	<u>74.9%</u>		<u>99.9%</u>

\* Excludes cash, U.S. Treasury Bills, commercial paper, and money market funds.

\*\* Includes cash, U.S. Treasury Bills, commercial paper, and money market funds.

The Manager views the ability to focus on fewer investments than a diversified fund as a strategic advantage. However, such a strategy may negatively influence short-term performance and there is no guarantee that long-term performance will not be negatively affected.

The Fund may invest in non-U.S. securities and securities of corporations domiciled outside of the United States, which may expose the Fund to adverse changes resulting from foreign currency fluctuations or other potential risks as described in the Fund’s Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information.

The Fund’s officers, the Board of Directors (the “Board” or the “Directors”), and the Manager are aware that large cash inflows or outflows may adversely affect Fund performance. Such flows are monitored and appropriate actions are contemplated for when such flows could negatively impact performance.

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

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MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS (continued)  
For the Six Months Ended May 31, 2015

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Since inception, the Fund has been advised by the Manager. Bruce Berkowitz, both the Chief Investment Officer of the Manager and Chairman of the Fund's Board, continues to have a significant personal stake in the Fund, holding an aggregate 9,157,652 shares at May 31, 2015. While there is no requirement that Mr. Berkowitz own shares of the Fund, such holdings are believed to help align the interests of the Manager with the interests of the shareholders.

The Board, including the Independent Directors, continues to believe that it is in the best interests of the Fund to have Mr. Berkowitz serve as Chairman of the Board given: his long-term relative performance; his experience, commitment, and significant personal investment in the Fund; the present constitution of Directors and policies; and current rules and regulations. A Director and Officers of the Fund are also Officers of the Manager. Nevertheless, at May 31, 2015, a majority of Directors were independent of the Manager, no stock option or restricted stock plans exist, Officers received no direct compensation from the Fund, and the Director affiliated with the Manager received no compensation for being a Director.

For more complete information about the Fund, or to obtain a current Prospectus, please visit [www.fairholmefunds.com](http://www.fairholmefunds.com) or call Shareholder Services at 1-866-202-2263.

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

## EXPENSE EXAMPLE

For the Six Month Period from December 1, 2014  
through May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

As a Fund shareholder, you incur direct and indirect costs. Direct costs include, but are not limited to, transaction fees at some broker-dealers, custodial fees for retirement accounts, redemption fees on Fund shares redeemed within 60 days of purchase, and wire transfer fees. You also incur indirect, ongoing costs that include, but are not limited to, management fees paid to the Manager.

The following example is intended to help you understand your indirect costs (also referred to as “ongoing costs” and measured in dollars) when investing in the Fund and to compare these costs with the ongoing costs of investing in other mutual funds. This example is based on an investment of \$1,000 invested in the Fund at December 1, 2014, and held for the entire six month period ending May 31, 2015.

### Actual Expenses

The first line of the table below provides information about actual account values and actual expenses. You may use the information in this line, together with the amount you had invested at the beginning of the period, to estimate the expenses that you paid over the period. Simply divide your account value by \$1,000 (for example, an \$8,600 account value divided by \$1,000 = 8.6), then multiply the result by the number in the first line under the heading “Expenses Paid During the Period” to estimate the expenses you paid on your Fund holdings during this period.

### Hypothetical Example for Comparison Purposes

The second line of the table provides information about hypothetical account values and hypothetical expenses based on the Fund’s actual expense ratio and an assumed rate of return of 5% per year before expenses, which is not the Fund’s actual return for the period presented. The hypothetical account values and expenses may not be used to estimate the actual ending account balance or expenses that you paid for the period presented. However, you may use this information to compare ongoing costs of investing in the Fund with the ongoing costs of investing in other funds. To do so, compare this 5% hypothetical example with the 5% examples that appear in the shareholder reports of other funds.

Please note that the column titled “Expenses Paid During the Period” in the table below is meant to highlight your ongoing costs only and do not reflect any transactional costs, such as redemption fees (if any), or other direct costs. Therefore, the second line of the table is useful in comparing ongoing costs only, and will not help you determine the relative total costs of owning different funds. In addition, if these direct costs were included, your total costs would be higher.

<b>Fund</b>	<b>Beginning Account Value December 1, 2014</b>	<b>Ending Account Value May 31, 2015</b>	<b>Annualized Expense Ratio</b>	<b>Expenses Paid During the Period December 1, 2014 Through May 31, 2015*</b>
Actual	\$1,000.00	\$1,040.90	1.00%	\$5.09
Hypothetical (5% return before expenses)	\$1,000.00	\$1,019.95	1.00%	\$5.04

\* Expenses are equal to the Fund’s annualized expense ratio, multiplied by the average account value over the period, multiplied by 182 days/365 days (to reflect the one-half year period).

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS  
May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

Shares	Value	Shares	Value
<b>DOMESTIC EQUITY SECURITIES — 27.4%</b>		<b>WARRANTS — 27.7%</b>	
<b>DIVERSIFIED HOLDING COMPANIES — 3.7%</b>		<b>DIVERSIFIED BANKS — 18.6%</b>	
531,700	\$ 13,095,771	5,570,428	Bank of America Corp., Vested, Strike Price \$13.203, Expire 01/16/2019 <sup>(a)(c)</sup>
			\$ 31,472,918
		718,000	JPMorgan Chase & Co., Vested, Strike Price \$42.363, Expire 10/28/2018 <sup>(a)(c)</sup>
			17,217,640
39,032	1,873,536	826,265	Wells Fargo & Co., Vested, Strike Price \$33.962, Expire 10/28/2018 <sup>(a)(c)</sup>
			18,276,982
<b>REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT &amp; DEVELOPMENT — 0.5%</b>			66,967,540
		<b>LIFE INSURANCE — 2.5%</b>	
<b>RETAIL DEPARTMENT STORES — 23.2%</b>		181,610	Lincoln National Corp., Vested, Strike Price \$10.382, Expire 07/10/2019 <sup>(a)(c)</sup>
1,948,100	83,670,895		8,907,971
		<b>MULTI-LINE INSURANCE — 3.3%</b>	
<b>TOTAL DOMESTIC EQUITY SECURITIES (COST \$88,041,118)</b>		507,515	American International Group, Inc., Vested, Strike Price \$45.000, Expire 01/19/2021 <sup>(a)(c)</sup>
	98,640,202		12,124,533
<b>FOREIGN EQUITY SECURITIES — 5.8%</b>		<b>RETAIL DEPARTMENT STORES — 3.3%</b>	
<b>CANADA — 5.8%</b>		474,265	Sears Holdings Corp., Vested, Strike Price \$28.410, Expire 12/15/2019 <sup>(a)(c)</sup>
<b>METALS &amp; MINING — 5.4%</b>			11,847,154
2,445,400	19,486,904	<b>TOTAL WARRANTS (COST \$42,908,883)</b>	
			99,847,198
<b>RETAIL DEPARTMENT STORES — 0.4%</b>		<b>Principal</b>	
155,500	1,306,200	<b>DOMESTIC CORPORATE BONDS — 5.3%</b>	
		<b>RETAIL DEPARTMENT STORES — 5.3%</b>	
<b>TOTAL FOREIGN EQUITY SECURITIES (COST \$29,234,093)</b>		\$20,346,000	Sears Holdings Corp. 8.000%, 12/15/2019
	20,793,104		19,039,787
<b>DOMESTIC PREFERRED EQUITY SECURITIES — 9.6%</b>		<b>TOTAL DOMESTIC CORPORATE BONDS (COST \$17,110,378)</b>	
<b>MORTGAGE FINANCE — 9.6%</b>			19,039,787
4,033,100	16,737,365		
4,301,200	17,849,980		
<b>TOTAL DOMESTIC PREFERRED EQUITY SECURITIES (COST \$37,299,594)</b>			
	34,587,345		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

## STATEMENT OF ASSETS & LIABILITIES May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

<b>Assets</b>	
Investments, at Fair Value (Cost — \$301,378,916)	\$359,704,631
Interest Receivable	873,068
Total Assets	<u>360,577,699</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>	
Accrued Management Fees	311,228
Payable for Capital Shares Redeemed	36,500
Total Liabilities	<u>347,728</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>	<u>\$360,229,971</u>
<b>Net Assets Consist of:</b>	
Paid-In Capital	\$297,697,603
Accumulated Net Investment Loss	(2,986,858)
Accumulated Net Realized Gain on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Transactions	7,193,511
Net Unrealized Appreciation on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Translations	58,325,715
<b>NET ASSETS</b>	<u>\$360,229,971</u>
Shares of Common Stock Outstanding* (\$0.0001 par value)	<u>30,319,232</u>
Net Asset Value, Offering and Redemption Price Per Share (\$360,229,971 / 30,319,232 shares)	<u>\$ 11.88</u>

\* 200,000,000 shares authorized in total.

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.*

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

## STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

	<b>For the Six Months Ended May 31, 2015</b>
<b>Investment Income</b>	
Interest	\$ 1,177,173
Dividends	<u>66,462</u>
Total Investment Income	<u>1,243,635</u>
<b>Expenses</b>	
Management Fees	1,808,159
Other Expenses	<u>85</u>
Total Expenses	<u>1,808,244</u>
Net Investment Loss	<u>(564,609)</u>
<b>Realized and Unrealized Gain on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Transactions</b>	
Net Realized Gain on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Transactions	7,500,430
Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Translations	<u>7,478,917</u>
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Transactions	<u>14,979,347</u>
<b>NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS FROM OPERATIONS</b>	<u><u>\$14,414,738</u></u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.*



# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

	For the Six Months Ended May 31, 2015 (Unaudited)	For the Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2014
<b>CHANGES IN NET ASSETS</b>		
<b>From Operations</b>		
Net Investment Loss	\$ (564,609)	\$ (2,601,316)
Net Realized Gain on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Transactions	7,500,430	34,479,453
Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Translations	<u>7,478,917</u>	<u>(63,377,266)</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets from Operations	<u>14,414,738</u>	<u>(31,499,129)</u>
<b>From Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders</b>		
Net Realized Capital Gains from Investment Transactions	<u>(34,099,920)</u>	<u>—</u>
Net Decrease in Net Assets from Dividends and Distributions	<u>(34,099,920)</u>	<u>—</u>
<b>From Capital Share Transactions</b>		
Proceeds from Sale of Shares	14,195,290	82,815,593
Shares Issued in Reinvestment of Dividends and Distributions	33,456,690	—
Redemption Fees	1,159	1,983
Cost of Shares Redeemed	<u>(46,488,323)</u>	<u>(32,037,717)</u>
Net Increase in Net Assets from Shareholder Activity	<u>1,164,816</u>	<u>50,779,859</u>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	(18,520,366)	19,280,730
Net Assets at Beginning of Period	<u>378,750,337</u>	<u>359,469,607</u>
Net Assets at End of Period	<u>\$360,229,971</u>	<u>\$378,750,337</u>
Accumulated Net Investment Loss at End of Period	<u>\$ (2,986,858)</u>	<u>\$ (2,422,249)</u>
<b>SHARES TRANSACTIONS</b>		
Issued	1,224,053	6,502,543
Reinvested	2,973,928	—
Redeemed	<u>(4,002,943)</u>	<u>(2,394,347)</u>
Net Increase in Shares	195,038	4,108,196
Shares Outstanding at Beginning of Period	<u>30,124,194</u>	<u>26,015,998</u>
Shares Outstanding at End of Period	<u>30,319,232</u>	<u>30,124,194</u>

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.*

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	For the Six Months Ended May 31, 2015 (unaudited)	For the Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2014	For the Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2013	For the Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2012	For the Period Ended November 30, 2011 <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>PER SHARE OPERATING PERFORMANCE</b>					
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, BEGINNING OF PERIOD</b>	\$12.57	\$13.82	\$9.33	\$8.29	\$10.00
<b>Investment Operations</b>					
Net Investment Income (Loss) <sup>(2)</sup>	(0.02)	(0.10)	(0.09)	0.07	(0.02)
Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments	0.47	(1.15)	4.64	0.97	(1.69)
Total from Investment Operations	0.45	(1.25)	4.55	1.04	(1.71)
<b>Dividends and Distributions</b>					
From Net Investment Income	—	—	(0.06)	—	—
From Net Investment Gain	(1.14)	—	—	—	—
Total Dividends and Distributions	(1.14)	—	(0.06)	—	—
<b>Redemption Fees<sup>(2)</sup></b>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(3)</sup>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE, END OF PERIOD</b>	\$11.88	\$12.57	\$13.82	\$9.33	\$8.29
<b>TOTAL RETURN</b>	4.09% <sup>(4)</sup>	(9.04)%	49.09%	12.55%	(17.10)% <sup>(4)</sup>
<b>Ratio/Supplemental Data</b>					
Net Assets, End of Period (in 000's)	\$360,230	\$378,750	\$359,470	\$255,430	\$212,122
Ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets:					
Before Expenses Waived	1.00% <sup>(5)</sup>	1.00%	1.01% <sup>(6)</sup>	1.00%	1.00% <sup>(5)</sup>
After Expenses Waived	1.00% <sup>(5)(7)</sup>	1.00% <sup>(7)</sup>	1.01% <sup>(7)</sup>	0.92% <sup>(7)</sup>	0.75% <sup>(5)</sup>
Ratio of Net Investment Income (Loss) to Average Net Assets	(0.31)% <sup>(5)</sup>	(0.73)%	(0.80)%	0.74%	(0.30)% <sup>(5)</sup>
Portfolio Turnover Rate	7.53% <sup>(4)</sup>	33.15%	35.97%	26.96%	41.60% <sup>(4)</sup>

<sup>(1)</sup> The Fund commenced operations on December 31, 2010.

<sup>(2)</sup> Based on average shares outstanding.

<sup>(3)</sup> Redemption fees represent less than \$0.01.

<sup>(4)</sup> Not Annualized.

<sup>(5)</sup> Annualized.

<sup>(6)</sup> 0.01% is attributable to interest expense incurred outside of the 1.00% management fee.

<sup>(7)</sup> Effective March 29, 2012, the Manager's contractual management fee waiver/expense reimbursement for the Fund expired.

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.*

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

## Note 1. Organization

Fairholme Funds, Inc. (the “Company”), a Maryland corporation, is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), as an open-end management investment company. The Company’s Articles of Incorporation permit the Board of Directors of the Company (the “Board” or the “Directors”) to issue 1,100,000,000 shares of common stock at \$.0001 par value. 200,000,000 shares have been allocated to The Fairholme Allocation Fund (the “Fund”). The Fund is a non-diversified fund. The Fund may have a greater percentage of its assets invested in particular securities than a diversified fund, exposing the Fund to the risk of unanticipated industry conditions as well as risks specific to a single company or the securities of a single company. The Board has the power to designate one or more separate and distinct series and/or classes of shares of common stock and to classify or reclassify any unissued shares with respect to such series.

The Fund’s investment objective is to seek long-term total return. Under normal circumstances, the Fund seeks to achieve its investment objective by investing opportunistically in a focused portfolio of investments in the equity, fixed-income and cash, and cash-equivalent asset classes. The proportion of the Fund’s portfolio invested in each asset class will vary from time to time based on Fairholme Capital Management, L.L.C.’s (the “Manager”) assessment of relative fundamental values of securities and other investments in the asset class, the attractiveness of investment opportunities within each asset class, general market and economic conditions, and expected future returns of other investment opportunities. The Fund seeks to capitalize on anticipated fluctuations in the financial markets by changing the mix of its holdings in the targeted asset classes. The Fund may maintain a significant portion of its total assets in cash and securities generally considered to be cash equivalents. The Manager serves as investment adviser to the Fund.

There is no guarantee that the Fund will meet its objective.

Since the close of business on February 28, 2013, (the “Closing Date”), the sale of shares of the Fund has been suspended to new investors, subject to certain exceptions as described below. Subject to the right of the Fund to reject any order to purchase shares or to withdraw the offering of shares at any time, shares remain available for purchase to existing Fund shareholders. The following categories of new investors may continue to purchase shares of the Fund: (i) clients of financial advisors and financial consultants that have clients invested in the Fund as of the Closing Date; (ii) clients of financial advisors and intermediaries that have approved the inclusion of the Fund as an investment option in their asset allocation programs or discretionary investment programs, including wrap, model or other managed account programs, as of the Closing Date; and (iii) participants in group retirement plans that include the Fund as an investment option as of the Closing Date, and IRA transfers and rollovers from such plans. In addition, Directors of the Company, clients and employees of the Manager and their respective immediate family members may open new accounts and add shares of the Fund to such accounts. The Fund retains the right to limit the foregoing exceptions, make additional exceptions to the suspension of the sale of the Fund’s shares to new investors, and subsequently commence selling its shares to new investors.

## Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

As an investment company, the Fund follows the investment company accounting and reporting guidance, which is part of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). The Fund’s investments are reported at fair value as defined by U.S. GAAP. The Fund calculates its net asset value as soon as practicable following the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (currently 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange is open.

A description of the valuation techniques applied to the Fund’s securities measured at fair value on a recurring basis follows:

### *Security Valuation:*

Equity securities (common and preferred stocks): Securities traded on a national securities exchange or reported on the NASDAQ national market are generally valued at the official closing price, or at the last reported sale price on the exchange or market on which the securities are traded, as of the close of business on the day the securities are being valued or, lacking any sales, at the last available bid price. To the extent these securities are actively traded and valuation adjustments are not applied, they are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. If these securities are not actively traded, they are

## THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)  
May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

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classified in Level 2. The Manager may also employ other valuation methods which the Manager believes would provide a more accurate indication of fair value. In these situations, if the inputs are observable, the valuation will be classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, otherwise they would be classified in Level 3.

Fixed-income securities (U.S. government obligations, corporate bonds, convertible bonds, and asset backed securities): The fair value of fixed-income securities is estimated using market quotations when readily available, but may also be estimated by various methods when no such market quotations exist and when the Manager believes these other methods reflect the fair value of such securities. These methods may consider recently executed transactions in securities of the issuer or comparable issuers and market price valuations from independent pricing services and/or brokers (where observable). Where the Manager deems it appropriate to do so (such as when independent prices are unavailable or not deemed to be representative of fair value) long-term fixed-income securities will be fair valued in good faith following consideration by, and conclusion of, the Manager's Valuation Committee. As of May 31, 2015, fixed-income securities are valued by the Manager utilizing the average of valuations from independent pricing services. Although fixed-income securities are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy at May 31, 2015, in instances where lower relative weight is placed on transaction prices, quotations, or similar observable inputs, they would be classified in Level 3.

Open-end mutual funds: Investments in open-end mutual funds including money market funds are valued at their closing net asset value each business day and are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Short-term securities: Investments in securities with maturities of less than sixty days when acquired, or which subsequently are within sixty days of maturity, shall be valued at prices supplied by an independent pricing source or by one of the Fund's pricing agents based on broker or dealer supplied valuations or matrix pricing. To the extent the inputs are observable and timely, the values would be classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Restricted securities: Depending on the relative significance of valuation inputs, these instruments may be classified in any level of the fair value hierarchy.

Warrants: The Fund may invest in warrants, which may be acquired either through a direct purchase, included as part of a private placement, or pursuant to corporate actions. Warrants entitle, but do not obligate, the holder to buy equity securities at a specific price for a specific period of time. Warrants may be considered more speculative than certain other types of investments in that they do not entitle a holder to dividends or voting rights with respect to the underlying securities that may be purchased nor do they represent any rights in the assets of the issuing company. Also, the value of a warrant does not necessarily change with the value of the underlying securities and a warrant ceases to have value if it is not exercised prior to its expiration date. Warrants traded on a security exchange are valued at the official closing price on the valuation date and are classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Over the counter (OTC) warrants are valued using simulation models utilizing market value of the underlying security, expiration date of the warrants, volatility of the underlying security, strike price of the warrants, risk-free interest rate at the valuation date, and are classified as Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy depending on the observability of the inputs used.

The Fund uses several recognized industry third-party pricing services (TPPS) - approved by the Board and unaffiliated with the Manager - to value some of its securities. It also uses other independent market trade data sources (such as TRACE, the FINRA-developed mandatory reporting of over-the-counter secondary market transactions), as well as broker quotes provided by market makers. The data within these feeds is ultimately sourced from major stock exchanges and trading systems where these securities trade. If a price obtained from the pricing source is deemed unreliable, it may be discarded and/or challenged. In these cases the pricing decision is made by reference to the reliable market data from the other market data sources.

The Manager may determine the fair valuation of a security when market quotations are insufficient or not readily available, when securities are determined to be illiquid or restricted, or when in the judgment of the Manager the prices or values available do not represent the fair value of the instrument. Factors which may cause the Manager to make such a judgment include the following: (a) only a bid price or an asked price is available; (b) the spread between bid and asked prices is

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)  
May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

substantial; (c) the liquidity of the securities; (d) the frequency of sales; (e) the thinness of the market; (f) the size of reported trades; (g) actions of the securities markets, such as the suspension or limitation of trading; and (h) bona fide bids or offers made to the Manager by independent third parties. Among the factors to be considered to fair value a security are recent prices of comparable securities that are publicly traded, reliable prices of securities not publicly traded, the use of valuation models, current analyst reports, valuing the income or cash flow of the issuer, or cost if the preceding factors do not apply. The circumstances of Level 3 securities are frequently monitored to determine if fair valuation measures continue to apply.

The Manager reports quarterly to the Board the results of the application of fair valuation policies and procedures.

The inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value of the Fund's investments are summarized into three levels as described in the hierarchy below:

- Level 1 — quoted prices in active markets for identical securities;
- Level 2 — other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, quoted prices in inactive markets for identical securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.); and
- Level 3 — significant unobservable inputs (including the Manager's determination as to the fair value of investments).

The inputs or methodology used for valuing investments are not necessarily an indication of the level of risk associated with investing in those investments. The summary of the Fund's investments by inputs used to value the Fund's investments as of May 31, 2015, is as follows:

	Valuation Inputs		Total Fair Value at 5/31/15
	Level 1 – Quoted Prices	Level 2 – Other Significant Observable Inputs	
<b>ASSETS:</b>			
<b>INVESTMENTS (Fair Value):</b>			
Domestic Equity Securities			
Real Estate Management & Development	—	\$ 1,873,536	\$ 1,873,536
Other*	\$ 96,766,666	—	96,766,666
Foreign Equity Securities*	20,793,104	—	20,793,104
Domestic Preferred Equity Securities*	34,587,345	—	34,587,345
Warrants*	99,847,198	—	99,847,198
Domestic Corporate Bonds*	—	19,039,787	19,039,787
Commercial Paper*	—	14,999,463	14,999,463
U.S. Government Obligations	—	29,988,580	29,988,580
Money Market Funds	41,808,952	—	41,808,952
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS</b>	<u>\$293,803,265</u>	<u>\$65,901,366</u>	<u>\$359,704,631</u>

\* Industry classifications for these categories are detailed in the Schedule of Investments.

The Fund had no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the six months ended May 31, 2015. The Fund's policy is to recognize transfers among Levels as of the beginning of the reporting period.

There were no Level 3 investments at May 31, 2015, or November 30, 2014.

*Warrants:* The Fund's investments in warrants as of May 31, 2015, are presented within the Schedule of Investments.

The Fund's warrant positions during the six months ended May 31, 2015, had an average monthly market value of approximately \$104,448,491.

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)  
May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

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As of May 31, 2015, the value of warrants with equity risk exposure of \$99,847,198 is included with Investments at Fair Value on the Statement of Assets and Liabilities. For the six months ended May 31, 2015, the effect of the net change in unrealized appreciation of warrants with equity risk exposure of (\$6,913,165) is included with the Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Translations on the Statement of Operations and realized gains from warrants with equity risk exposure of \$4,933,922 is included in Net Realized Gain on Investments and Foreign Currency Related Transactions on the Statement of Operations.

*Dividends and Distributions:* The Fund records dividends and distributions to shareholders on the ex-dividend date. The Fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income (if any) as dividends to its shareholders on an annual basis in December. The Fund intends to distribute any net long-term capital gains and any net short-term capital gains at least once a year. If the total dividends and distributions made in any tax year exceeds net investment income and accumulated realized capital gains, a portion of the total distribution may be treated as a tax return of capital.

*Foreign Currency Translation:* The books and records of the Fund are maintained in U.S. dollars. Foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis: (i) fair value of investment securities, assets, and liabilities at the current rate of exchange; and (ii) purchases and sales of investment securities, income, and expenses at the relevant rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. The Fund does not isolate that portion of gains and losses on investment securities which is due to changes in the foreign exchange rates from that which is due to changes in the market prices of such securities.

*Estimates:* The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Fund to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of both contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

*Redemption Fee:* The Fund assesses a 2% fee on the proceeds of the Fund shares that are redeemed within 60 days of their purchase. The redemption fee is paid to the Fund, as applicable, for the benefit of remaining shareholders and is recorded as paid-in capital. The redemption fees retained by the Fund during the six months ended May 31, 2015 and fiscal year ended November 30, 2014, amounted to \$1,159 and \$1,983, respectively.

*Other:* The Fund accounts for security transactions on the trade date for financial statement purposes. The specific identification method is used for determining gains or losses for financial statements and income tax purposes. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date net of foreign taxes withheld where recovery is uncertain and interest income is recorded on an accrual basis. Discounts and premiums on securities purchased are amortized over the life of the respective securities using the effective yield method. Securities denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars are subject to changes in value due to fluctuation in exchange rates. The Fund may invest in countries that require governmental approval for the repatriation of investment income, capital, or the proceeds of sales of securities by foreign investors. In addition, if there is deterioration in a country's balance of payments or for other reasons, a country may impose temporary restrictions on foreign capital remittances abroad.

The Fund paid commissions and other brokerage fees during the period.

### **Note 3. Related Party Transactions**

The Manager is a Delaware limited liability company and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment adviser. The Manager's principal business and occupation is to provide investment management and advisory services to individuals, corporations, and other institutions throughout the world. Pursuant to an Investment Management Agreement, the Fund pays a management fee to the Manager for its provision of investment advisory and operating services to the Fund. Subject to applicable waivers or limitations, the management fee is paid at an annual rate equal to 1.00% of the daily average net assets of the Fund. Under the Investment Management Agreement, the Manager is responsible for paying all of the Fund's expenses, including expenses for the following services: transfer agency, fund accounting, fund administration,

# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)  
May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

custody, legal, audit, compliance, directors' fees, call center, fulfillment, travel, insurance, rent, printing, postage, and other office supplies, and excluding commissions, brokerage fees, and other transaction costs, taxes, interest, litigation expenses, and related expenses, and other extraordinary expenses.

Effective March 29, 2012, the Manager's contractual management fee waiver/expense reimbursement for the Fund expired. Prior to March 29, 2012, the Manager had contractually agreed to waive a portion of its management fee and/or limit the Fund's operating expenses (excluding taxes, interest, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, expenses incurred in connections with any merger or reorganization and extraordinary expenses such as litigation) so that the Fund's operating expenses, after such waiver or limitation payment, would not exceed an annual rate of 0.75% of the Fund's daily average net assets for the period December 29, 2010 to March 29, 2012. The Manager may be reimbursed for fee waivers and/or expense limitation payments made in any fiscal year of the Fund over the following three fiscal years. Any such reimbursement is subject to the Board's review and approval. A reimbursement may be requested by the Manager if the aggregate amount paid by the Fund for operating expenses for such fiscal year, taking into account any reimbursement, does not exceed the fee waiver/expense limitation in place at the time of the initial waiver or reimbursement of the amount by the Manager. For the six months ended May 31, 2015, the Manager may request reimbursement of up to the following:

For the period ended November 30, 2012, expiring November 30, 2015:	\$225,673
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The Manager earned \$1,808,159 from the Fund for its services during the six months ended May 31, 2015.

Affiliates of the Manager held in aggregate 9,157,652 shares at May 31, 2015.

A Director and Officers of the Fund are also Officers of the Manager or its affiliates.

## Note 4. Investments

For the six months ended May 31, 2015, aggregated purchases and sales of investment securities other than short-term investments and U.S. government obligations were as follows:

<u>Purchases</u>	<u>Sales</u>
\$20,816,654	\$33,554,569

## Note 5. Tax Matters

*Federal Income Taxes:* The Fund intends to qualify each year as a "Regulated Investment Company" under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. By so qualifying, the Fund will not be subject to federal income taxes to the extent that it distributes all of its net investment income and any realized capital gains.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, the cost of securities owned, gross unrealized appreciation, gross unrealized depreciation, and net unrealized appreciation of investments at May 31, 2015, were as follows:

<u>Cost</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Appreciation</u>	<u>Gross Unrealized Depreciation</u>	<u>Net Unrealized Appreciation</u>
\$301,685,628	\$69,646,251	\$(11,627,248)	\$58,019,003

The differences between book basis and tax basis net unrealized appreciation is attributable to the tax deferral of losses on wash sales and capitalized cost.



# THE FAIRHOLME ALLOCATION FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)  
May 31, 2015 (unaudited)

The Fund's tax basis capital gains are determined at the end of each fiscal year. Therefore, the components of distributable earnings will be included in the Annual Report for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2015.

The Manager has analyzed the Fund's tax positions taken on tax returns for all open tax years (current and prior three tax years) and has concluded that there are no uncertain tax positions that require recognition of a tax liability. The Fund's federal and state income and federal excise tax returns for tax years for which the applicable statutes of limitations have not expired (the current year and prior three years) are subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service and state departments of revenue. Additionally, the Fund is not aware of any tax position for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will change materially in the next twelve months.

## Note 6. Dividends and Distributions to Shareholders

Ordinary income and capital gain distributions are determined in accordance with federal income tax regulations, which may differ from U.S. GAAP.

The tax character of dividends and distributions paid by the Fund were as follows:

	<u>For the Six Months Ended May 31, 2015</u>	<u>For the Fiscal Year Ended November 30, 2014</u>
<b>Dividends and Distributions paid from:</b>		
Long-term Capital Gain	<u>\$34,099,920</u>	<u>\$—</u>

## Note 7. Indemnifications

Under the Company's organizational documents, its Officers and Directors are indemnified against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Fund. In the normal course of business the Company or the Fund enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and customary indemnifications. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund that have not yet occurred. However, based on its experience to date, the Fund expects the risk of loss to be remote.



## **Proxy Voting Policies, Procedures and Records (unaudited)**

The Company has adopted policies and procedures that provide guidance and set forth parameters for the voting of proxies relating to securities held in the Fund's portfolio. A description of these policies and procedures, and records of how the Fund voted proxies relating to their portfolio securities during the most recent twelve month period ended June 30, 2014, are available to you upon request and free of charge by writing to the Fairholme Funds, Inc., c/o BNY Mellon Investment Servicing (US) Inc., P.O. Box 9692, Providence, RI, 02940 or by calling Shareholder Services at 1-866-202-2263 or visiting our website at fairholmefunds.com. They may also be obtained by visiting the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). The Company shall respond to all shareholder requests for records within three business days of its receipt of such request by first-class mail or other means designed to ensure prompt delivery.

## **N-Q Filing (unaudited)**

The Company files a complete schedule of the Fund's portfolio holdings on Form N-Q for the fiscal quarters ending February 28 (February 29 during leap year) and August 31. The Form N-Q filing must be made within 60 days of the end of the quarter. The Forms N-Q relating to the Fund's portfolio investments are available on the SEC's website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov), or may be reviewed and copied at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC (call 1-800-732-0330 for information on the operation of the Public Reference Room).





# FAIRHOLME FUNDS

## Officers of Fairholme Funds, Inc.

BRUCE R. BERKOWITZ  
*President*

FERNANDO M. FONT  
*Vice President*

WAYNE KELLNER  
*Treasurer*

PAUL R. THOMSON  
*Chief Compliance Officer & Secretary*

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## Board of Directors of Fairholme Funds, Inc.

CESAR L. ALVAREZ, *Esq.*

TERRY L. BAXTER

BRUCE R. BERKOWITZ

HOWARD S. FRANK

STEVEN J. GILBERT, *Esq.*

AVIVITH OPPENHEIM, *Esq.*

LEIGH WALTERS, *Esq.*

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## Investment Manager

FAIRHOLME CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, L.L.C  
*4400 Biscayne Boulevard, Miami, FL 33137*

## Transfer Agent, Fund Accountant & Administrator

BNY MELLON INVESTMENT SERVICING (US) INC.  
*760 Moore Road, King of Prussia, PA 19406*

## Custodian

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON  
*One Wall Street, New York, NY 10286*

## Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP  
*1700 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103*

## Legal Counsel

SEWARD & KISSEL LLP  
*901 K Street NW, Washington, DC 20001*

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